

Part II Organizational Action (continued)

17 List the applicable Internal Revenue Code section(s) and subsection(s) upon which the tax treatment is based ▶ See Attachment.

18 Can any resulting loss be recognized? ▶ See Attachment.

19 Provide any other information necessary to implement the adjustment, such as the reportable tax year ▶ See Attachment.

Under penalties of perjury, I declare that I have examined this return, including accompanying schedules and statements, and to the best of my knowledge and belief, it is true, correct and complete. Declaration of preparer (other than officer) is based on all information of which preparer has any knowledge.

Sign Here

Signature ▶

Date ▶

Aug 15, 2024

Print your name ▶ Ezequiel Sirotinsky

Title ▶ Chief Financial Officer

Paid Preparer Use Only

| | | | | |
|---|----------------------|--------------|---|----------------|
| Print/Type preparer's name | Preparer's signature | Date | Check <input type="checkbox"/> if self-employed | PTIN |
| Kendall R. Fisher | | Aug 15, 2024 | | P01980923 |
| Firm's name ▶ Dorsey & Whitney LLP | | | Firm's EIN ▶ | 41-0223337 |
| Firm's address ▶ Columbia Center, 701 Fifth Avenue, Suite 6100, Seattle, WA 98104 | | | Phone no. | (206) 903-8793 |

Mako Mining Corp.

Attachment to Form 8937-Part II

Report of Organizational Actions Affecting Basis of Securities

Consult your tax advisor: The information contained herein is being provided pursuant to the requirements of Section 6045B of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the “**Code**”), and includes a general summary regarding the application of certain U.S. federal income tax laws and regulations relating to the effects of the Arrangement (as defined below) on the tax basis of shares in Mako Mining Corp., a corporation formed under the laws of the Yukon Territory and extra-provincially incorporated in the Province of British Columbia, Canada (“**Mako**”), in the hands of holders of shares of Mako stock who are U.S. taxpayers and who received such shares of Mako stock pursuant to the Arrangement (as defined below) by reason of previously being holders of shares of stock of Goldsource Mines Inc., a corporation formed under the laws of the Yukon Territory and extra-provincially incorporated in the Province of British Columbia, Canada (“**GXS**”) (“**U.S. Shareholders**”). This discussion does not constitute tax advice and does not purport to be complete or to describe the consequences that may apply to particular categories of shareholders. Neither Mako nor GXS provides tax advice to its shareholders. You are urged to consult your own tax advisors regarding the particular consequences of the Arrangement to you, including the applicability and effect of all U.S. federal, state and local tax laws as well as non-U.S. tax laws.

This Form 8937 and the analysis contained herein also does not address the U.S. federal, state, local or non-U.S. tax consequences of the Arrangement applicable to holders of options, warrants or other convertible securities of GXS. Holders of such options, warrants or other convertible securities are urged to consult their own tax advisors regarding the tax consequences of the Arrangement to them in light of their own personal circumstances.

For additional information, please read the Arrangement Agreement and Plan of Arrangement dated as of March 25, 2024 (the “**Agreement**”) as disclosed in the Notice of Special Meeting of Securityholders and Management Information Circular of Goldsource Mines Inc. dated as of May 9, 2024 (the “**Circular**”), which is available at www.sedarplus.ca. U.S. Shareholders should also review the portion of the Circular entitled “Certain United States Federal Income Tax Considerations” and consult with their own tax advisors.

Part II Item 14. (Description of organizational action)

On July 3, 2024, pursuant to the Agreement by and between the parties, Mako acquired all of the issued and outstanding shares of GXS (the “**GXS Shares**”), after which GXS became a wholly-owned subsidiary of Mako (the “**Arrangement**”). Pursuant to the Arrangement, each shareholder of GXS received 0.22 of a common share of Mako (the “**Mako Shares**”) in exchange for each GXS Share exchanged therefor pursuant to the Arrangement. No fractional

Mako Shares were issued pursuant to the Arrangement, with any fractional shares rounded down to the nearest whole number.

U.S. Shareholders should review the Agreement and consult with their own tax advisors regarding the tax consequences of the Arrangement to them in light of their particular circumstances.

Part II Item 15. (Description of the quantitative effect of the organizational action on the basis of the security in the hands of a U.S. taxpayer)

Mako intends that the Arrangement qualify as a tax-deferred reorganization within the meaning of Code Section 368(a), but provides no assurances in this regard. Provided the Arrangement qualifies as a tax-deferred reorganization under Code Section 368(a), each U.S. Shareholder should have a tax basis in the Mako Shares received pursuant to the Arrangement equal to such U.S. Shareholder's adjusted tax basis in his, her, or its GXS Shares surrendered in exchange therefor pursuant to the Arrangement.

If a U.S. Shareholder held different blocks of GXS stock (i.e., shares acquired at different times or different prices) at the time of the Arrangement, such shareholder should consult its own tax advisor with respect to the determination of the tax bases of particular shares of Mako stock received in the Arrangement.

Certain former U.S. Shareholders that fail to file a timely gain recognition agreement with the IRS may recognize gain under Code Section 367.

If GXS was a passive foreign investment Company (“**PFIC**”), as defined under Code Section 1297, for any tax year during which a U.S. Shareholder held its GXS Shares, certain special PFIC rules may apply to the Arrangement subject to certain proposed Treasury Regulations that, if finalized in their current form, would apply to transactions on or after April 1, 1992 and that have not been adopted in final form (or withdrawn). U.S. Shareholders should review the Agreement and consult with their own tax advisors regarding the potential application of the PFIC rules including the potential application of the proposed PFIC Treasury Regulations.

Part II Item 16. (Description of the calculation of the change in basis)

In the event the Arrangement is taxable for U.S. federal income tax purposes, for purposes of calculating fair market value, the fair market value of a Mako Share on July 3, 2024 is estimated at U.S.\$2.44, which was the average of the high and low prices of a Mako Share on the TSX Venture Exchange on July 3, 2024 (as converted to U.S. dollars using the daily exchange rate published by the Bank of Canada on July 3, 2024).

Each U.S. Shareholder should consult with his, her or its own tax advisors to determine whether they are required to recognize gain in connection with the Arrangement and what measure of fair market value is appropriate.

Part II Item 17. (List of applicable Code sections)

Provided the Arrangement qualifies as a tax-deferred reorganization within the meaning of Code Section 368(a), the U.S. federal income tax consequences for U.S. Shareholders should be determined under Code Sections 354, 358, 367, 368 and 1223.

In addition, if GXS was a PFIC at any time during the period that a U.S. Shareholder held GXS Shares, then Code Sections 1291-1297 would be applicable.

Part II Item 18. (Recognition of loss)

Provided the Arrangement qualifies as a tax-deferred reorganization within the meaning of Code Section 368(a), each U.S. Shareholder which received Mako Shares pursuant to the Arrangement should not recognize any loss.

Part II Item 19. (Other information)

The Arrangement was effective on July 3, 2024. For a U.S. Shareholder which participated in the Arrangement whose taxable year is a calendar year, the reportable tax year is 2024.